

Course Guide

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY I



CHEMISTRY DEGREE CHEMICAL SCIENCES FACULTY COMPLUTENSE UNIVERSITY OF MADRID ACADEMIC YEAR 2022-2023



I.- IDENTIFICATION

COURSE NAME: CREDITS (ECTS): CHARACTER: SUBJECT: MODULE: DEGREE: SEMESTER/TERM: DEPARTMENT/S: Inorganic Chemistry 12 Formation Obligatory Inorganic Chemistry Basic Bachelor in Chemistry Annual (second year) Inorganic Chemistry

PROFESSORS:

Course coordinator	Profesora: Departamento: Despacho: e-mail:	MARINA PARRAS VÁZQUEZ Química Inorgánica QA-205 <u>mparras@ucm.es</u>
Laboratory coordinator	Lecturer: MARIA LUISA RUIZ GONZÁLEZ Department: Inorganic Chemistry Office: QA-133 e-mail: luisarg@ucm.es	

Theory Group E					
1 st Semester	Professor: ANA QUEREJETA FERNÁNDEZ Department: Inorganic Chemistry Office: QA-134 e-mail: anaque02@ucm.es				
2 nd Semester	Professor: ANA QUEREJETA FERNÁNDEZ Department: Inorganic Chemistry Office: QA-134 e-mail: anaque02@ucm.es				



Laboratory							
Group	Semester	Professor/a	e-mail	Office	Depar.		
E1	1°	María Hernando González Almudena Torres Pardo	<u>marher@ucm.es</u> atorresp@ucm.es	QA-208 QA-135	QI		
E2	2°	Almudena Torres Pardo Ana Querejeta Fernández	atorresp@ucm.es anaque02@ucm.es	QA-135 QA-134	QI		

II.- OBJECTIVES

GENERAL OBJECTIVE

The main aim is to initiate the student in the study of the chemical elements of the Periodic Table. It is intended that the student acquire the appropriate knowledge that allows him to learn and relate the structure properties, reactivity, obtaining methods and applications of the elements and their compounds.

Acquisition of, both, manual and intellectual skills, in the synthesis of inorganic compounds and their subsequent separation and purification. Students should become familiar with the handling and use of common materials and processes in an inorganic chemistry laboratory, as well as learn to relate the structure, bonding, and reactivity of inorganic compounds with the way they are prepared.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:

o To carry out a systematic study of the chemical elements and the main types of compounds. o To relate the physical and chemical properties of inorganic substances with their chemical bond.

o To relate the properties of the elements and their compounds with their structure.

o To start the study of compounds with fundamentally ionic bond and coordination compounds.

o To recognize the importance of Inorganic Chemistry within Science, and its impact on industrial and technological society.

o To carry out the synthesis of different inorganic compounds that require basic and specific experimental procedures.

o To acquire experimental work routines and appropriate knowledge concerning to the work and safety standards in the laboratory.

III.- PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE AND RECOMMENDATIONS

PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE:

Nomenclature and chemical formulation. Periodic system. Reaction adjustment. Atomic structure. Periodic properties. Chemical bond. Basic laboratory operations.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

It is recommended to have passed the basic subjects of General Chemistry, Basic



Laboratory Operations and Computer Science Applied to Chemistry.

IV.- SUBJECT CONTENTS

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE CONTENTS:

Theoretical contents

Non-metallic elements. Hydrogenated and oxygenated combinations of non-metals. Metallic elements: bond, structures, physicochemical properties, stability of the different oxidation states, obtaining methods and applications. Introductory study of non-molecular solids. Basic aspects of coordination compounds.

Experimental contents

Synthesis of inorganic compounds: halides, binary oxides, acids, salts, and coordination compounds

PROGRAMME:

THEORETICAL:

Unit 1: Introduction

- Atomic orbitals in many-electron atoms.
- Energy and symmetry of the s and p orbitals.
- Characteristics of the elements based on their position in the periodic table.

Unit 2: Non-metallic elements

- Specific characteristics of hydrogen and the head group elements. Hydrogen. Comparative study of nitrogen, oxygen, and fluorine. Carbon and boron.
- Study of groups 14, 15 and 16. Allotropy. Properties variation within each group. Non-metal-metal transition.
- Halogens.
- Types of compounds and reactivity of non-metallic elements.
- Noble gases. Xenon compounds.

Unit 3: Hydrides of nonmetals

- General characteristics. Classification of the hydrogenated combinations of all the elements of the periodic table. Bonding, structures, physical and chemical properties of the hydrogenated combinations of the elements of groups 14-17.
- Study of some hydrogenated compounds of groups 14-17: H₂O, H₂O₂, NH₃, hydrogenated combinations of halogens ...
- Boron hydrides s. Classification and nomenclature. Structure and bond. Physicochemical properties, reactivity, synthesis, and applications.

Unit 4: Oxides, oxoacids, and oxysalts of nonmetals

- Binary oxides: bond, structure, properties, obtaining and applications. Classification of the binary oxides of all the elements of the periodic system according to nature of the bond and its acid-base properties. Characteristics general oxides of non-metals.

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Oxides of carbon, nitrogen, and sulphur.

- Oxoacids and oxysalts: bond, structure, properties, obtaining and applications. General characteristics of oxoacids and oxysalts. Factors that affect the acidity of oxoacids.Sulfuric, nitric, and phosphoric acids: bonding, synthesis, applications, importance in the chemical industry.

<u>Unit 5</u>: Metallic elements

- Bond and crystalline structures.
- Physical properties: thermal, mechanical, electrical, magnetic, and optical
- Chemical properties: stability of oxidation states. Types of compounds. Comparative study.
- Extraction methods.

Unit 6: Coordination compounds. Basic aspects

-General concepts.

- Crystal Field Theory (CFT).

<u>Unit 7</u>: Compounds with fundamentally ionic bond

- Structural and energetic aspects.

LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS:

First semester experiments

- 1. Synthesis, purification, and crystallization of oxosalts.
- 2. Synthesis of SO₂. Application as reducer.
- 3. Oxidizing properties of nitric acid. Comparison with H₂SO₄ and HCl.

Second semester experiments

- 1. Obtaining volatile halides. Hydrolysis of the halide obtained.
- 2. Preparation of coordination compounds. Isomerism in compounds of coordination.

V.- COMPETENCES

GENERAL:

- o CG1-MF1: To recognize chemical processes in daily life.
- o CG2-MF1: To relate Chemistry with other disciplines.
- **o CG3-MF1:** To expand the studies in multidisciplinary areas.
- CG5-MF1: To demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the essential facts, concepts, principles, and related theories to the Chemistry areas.
- o CG6-MF1: To analyse and solve qualitative and quantitative problems.
- o CG7-MF1: To recognize and analyse new problems planning strategies to solve them.
- o CG8-MF1: To consult and use scientific and technical information effectively.



- o CG9-MF1: To demonstrate knowledge regarding laboratory materials and practical skills.
- o CG10-MF1: To handle chemical products safely.
- **o CG10-MF2:** To recognize and assess the risks in the use of chemical substances and laboratory procedures.
- o CG11-MF1: To handle standard chemical instrumentation.
- o CG12-MF1: To interpret data from observations and measurements in the laboratory.
- **o** CG13-MF1: To recognize and implement good scientific practices of measurement and experimentation.

SPECIFIC:

o CE8-MFQI1: To describe and relate the bond, structure and properties of chemical elements and their compounds.

o CE10-MFQI1: To use experimental methods of synthesis of inorganic compounds.

TRANVERSAL:

- o CT1-MF1: To prepare and write scientific and technical reports.
- **o CT2-MF1:** To cooperate with other students through teamwork.
- o CT3-MF1: To apply critical and self-critical thinking.
- o CT5-MF1: To use chemical information, bibliography, and specialized databases.
- **o CT6-MF1**: To identify the importance of chemistry in the industrial, environmental, and social context.
- **o CT7-MF1:** To use tools and computer programs for the treatment of experimental results.
- o CT11-MF1: To develop autonomous learning.
- o CT12-MF1: To recognize the current energy problem and its relevance.
- o CT12-MF2: To develop sensitivity to environmental issues.

VI.- LEARNING OUTCOMES

At the end of the course the student should be able to:

o To recognize the Periodic Table as the way to organize and assimilate the vast information related to chemical elements.

o To use the Periodic Table as the tool to obtain reasoned and consistent information of the properties of any group of elements.

o To compare the characteristics of nitrogen, oxygen, fluorine and hydrogen, and of the carbon and boron.

o To identify and relate the allotropic forms of the elements of groups 13 to 16, analysing the structure-properties relationship.

o To analyse the influence of the different parameters that determine the chemical reactivity of the elements.

- o To identify the different types of compounds of non-metallic elements.
- o To explain the specific characteristics of the noble gases and their main compounds.
- o To identify the hydrogenated combinations of the elements of the periodic system.
- o To explain the bonding and the properties of the hydrogenated combinations of non-metallic elements.

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o To describe the bond and the main properties of the most representative hydrogenated compounds, such as water, hydrogen peroxide, ammonia.

o To classify the hydrogenated boron compounds explaining their characteristics.

o To classify the binary oxides of the elements of the periodic system according to the bonding nature and its acid-base properties.

o To describe the general characteristics of the oxides of non-metallic elements.

o To explain the bond and properties of the main oxides of non-elements metallic.

o To explain the bond and main properties of oxoacids and oxysalts of the non-metallic elements.

o To describe the factors that affect the acidity of oxoacids.

o To describe the bond, properties, synthesis, and applications of representative acids, like sulfuric and nitric acids.

o To describe the structure of metals from close-packings.

o To explain the metallic bond.

o To explain the variation of the physical properties of metals.

o To evaluate the relative stability of the different oxidation states of metals.

o To propose methods for obtaining metals.

o To formulate and name coordination compounds.

o To classify the different types of isomerism.

o To explain the observed geometries according to the valence bond theory (VBT)

o To apply the crystal field theory (CFT) to different coordination geometries.

o To identify and describe high and low spin compounds according to CFT.

o To explain the factors that affect the splitting doubling energy of the crystal field.

o To explain the most favourable electronic distribution in compounds of octahedral, tetrahedral, and square plane geometry as a function of crystal field stabilization energy (CFSE).

o To evaluate the distortions of the geometries using the CFT.

o To apply the CFT to justify colour, magnetism, and other properties.

o To recognize the limitations of VBT and CFT.

o To describe the structural types from the occupation of holes in close-packing of ions.

o To analyse the energetic aspects of ionic solids.

o To analyse the influence of covalence in the structure and energy of an ionic solid.

o To recognize the limitations of ideal models and the need to move toward the real solid.

o To adequately design the synthetic stages of some inorganic compounds as a function of its nature.

o To use the most appropriate methods to isolate and purify these compounds.

Activity	Attendance (hours)	Self-study (hours)	Credits/ hours	
Lectures	56	54	4.4/110	
Seminars / Problem classes	22	48	2,8/70	
Tutorials / Guided work	6	14	0,8/20	

VII.- WORKING HOURS DISTRIBUTED BY ACTIVITY



Laboratories (including seminars)	40	33	2,92/73
Works and exams preparation	6	21	1,08/27
Total	130	170	12/300

VIII.- METHODOLOGY

The teaching strategy will follow a mixed methodology based on cooperative learning, collaborative learning, and self-learning. The classroom activities are scheduled **in lectures**, **seminars**, **tutorials and suggested activities and practical classes**.

The lectures (2 hours / week throughout the course) will be and the teacher will present, in an orderly way, the theoretical concepts and experimental facts that allow the student to obtain a global and comprehensive vision of the subject. At the beginning of each lesson the main contents and objectives will be exposed. At the end of the unit, new proposals can be made allowing the interrelation of previously studied contents with those of the rest of the subject or with other subjects. To support the theoretical explanations, appropriate teaching material, either in photocopies or through the **Virtual Campus**, will be provided to the students.

The seminar (1 hours / week throughout the course) will aim to apply the knowledge acquired to a set of questions/exercises. Previously, a list of questions will be provided to the students so that they can try to resolve them prior to the seminar. Part of the exercises will be solved in class by the teacher while others will be performed students. Some of the questions will be related to inorganic species not described in the theoretical development of the subject. Therefore, the students can use the knowledge acquired to justify the facts raised in them.

Short exams or questions can be done and collected to evaluate the evolution of the students and the degree of achievement of knowledge they are acquiring.

To carry out a more personalized monitoring of students and to promote autonomous or group work, a series of **specific activities** will be proposed. The teacher will schedule **supervised tutorials** (3 hours/semester) globally or in small groups of students, based on proposed issues, either by them or by the teacher, related to the subject matter. It is also possible to entrust the preparation of some theoretical aspects to small groups of students, prior to their teaching in class.

Laboratory practical teaching, addressing contents related to the lectures and conveniently scheduled to complement and support the lectures and seminars, will be developed. The experimental laboratory sessions will take place along five days (4 hours / session) in each semester. In these sessions, experiments selected from those proposed in the practical program of the subject, included in the practice guide, will be carried out.

The practical sessions will be reinforced with, seminars to explain required concepts to carry out the chemical experiments. Previously, students must search the bibliography for all the data and information necessary to carry them out. They will then carry out the practice and develop, in parallel, a laboratory notebook, which reflects in detail each of the performed operations and reactions. The teacher will supervise and discuss the work done with the student, solving any doubts that have arisen during its development. The laboratory notebook will be delivered to the teacher at the end of the practice period of five days in each semester.



IX.- BIBLIOGRAPHY

BASIC:

At the beginning of the course, the recommended bibliography will be discussed, indicating the most relevant aspects of each text and the degree of adaptation to the subject. The recommended texts of general nature are listed as follows.

• Housecroft, C.E.; Sharpe, A.G.: "*Inorganic Chemistry*", 5th ed., Pearson Education Limited, 2018. (Print and electronic).

 Shriver, D.F.; Overton, T.; Rourke, J.; Weller, M.; Armstrong, F.: "Inorganic Chemistry",

5th ed., Oxford University Press, 2009.

• Huheey, J.G.; Keiter, E.A.; Keiter, R.L.: "Inorganic Chemistry. Principles of Structure and Reactivity", 4th ed., Prentice Hall, 1997.

The practical guides will be available to the student in the Virtual Campus of the subject.

COMPLEMENTARY:

- Cotton, F. A.; Wilkinson, G.; Murillo, C. A.; Bochmann, M.: "Advanced Inorganic Chemistry", 6th ed., Wiley, 1995.
- Greenwood, N.; Earnshaw, A.: "Chemistry of the Elements", 2nd ed., Pergamon Press, 1997.
- Mingos, D. M. P.: "Essential Trends in Inorganic Chemistry", Oxford University Press, 1998.
- o Müller, H.: "Inorganic Structural Chemistry", 2nd ed., Wiley, 2007.
- West, A. R.: "Solid State Chemistry and its Applications", 2nd ed., Wiley, 2014.
- o Gutiérrez Rios, E.: "Química Inorgánica" 2ª ed., Reverté, 1988.

LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS:

- :
- Dann, S. E., "*Reactions and Characterization of Solids*", The Royal Society of Chemistry, London, 2000.
- o Woollins, J. D., "Inorganic Experiments", Wiley, 2006.

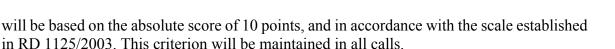
All the recommended bibliography for each specific lesson will be shown in class or in the Virtual Campus. In addition, from time to time, more specific bibliography on a specific aspect dealt within the course program can be indicated to the students

X.- ASSESSMENT PROCEDURE

For the final evaluation, it is mandatory to participate in the different activities proposed and to attend all the laboratory sessions. It will also be necessary for the student to have participated in at least 70% of the classroom activities to access the final evaluation.

The student's academic performance and the final grade for the subject will be computed, weighted, according to the percentages shown in each of the aspects listed below. All grades

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The grades of the activities planned for the evaluation of the subject (partial exams, laboratories, tutorials, delivery of questions, ...) will be communicated to the students well in advance before the completion of the final exam, so that they can properly plan the study of this or other subjects.

Within a maximum period of 20 days, the qualifications of the partial exams will be communicated, except in the case of the second partial, where the term may be shorter to adapt to the final exam. In any case, the minimum period of seven days between the publication of the grades and the date of the final exam for the subject will be respected.

The partial exams will be liberatory if the grade achieved is higher than 6, only for the ordinary call.

WRITTEN EXAMS (THEORY):

The evaluation of the competences acquired in the theoretical part of the subject (CG1-MF1, CG2-MF1, CG3-MF1, CG5-MF1, CG6-MF1, CG7-MF1, CG8-MF1, CE8 MFQI1, CT3-MF1, CT5-MF1, CT6-MF1, CT11-MF1, CT12-MF1 and CT12-MF2) will be carried out based on the evaluation of two partial exams, each one at the end of each semester, and a final exam. Students, who pass the two partial exams with a minimum score of 5.0 in each of them, will not be required to do the final exam (both in ordinary and extraordinary calls). However, students who have only passed one of the partial exams with a score equal to 6 or higher may do the final exam of only the partial exam they failed. In these cases, it will be necessary to obtain a minimum score of 4 to do an average with the approved part. Finally, students who must do the final exam they must obtain a minimum score of 4.5 to get the final score of the subject.

General competences CG1-MF1, CG2-MF1, CG5-MF1, CG6-MF1, CG7-MF1, CG8-MF1, the specific competence, CE8-MFQI1 and the transversal competences, CT3-MF1, CT5- MF1, CT6-MF1 will be assessed with the exams.

PERSONAL WORK/DIRECTED ACTIVITIES:

For the evaluation of the individual or group learning of the student, the following factors will be considered:

- Student skills in solving problems, proposed exercises and short exams.
- Assessment of the student's work in the seminars.
- Assessment of the work done by students during tutorials and other-directed activities.

The degree of achievement of the general competences CG1-MF1, CG2-MF1, CG5-MF1, CG6-MF1, CG7-MF1, CG8-MF1, of the specific competence CE8-MFQI1 and of the competence's transverse CT1-MF1, CT2-MF1, CT3-MF1, CT5-MF1, CT6-MF1, CT7-MF1, CT11-MF1, CT12-MF1, CT12-MF2 will allow the evaluation of all these aspects.



15%

60%



LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS:

25% (10% exam; 15% laboratory)

Attendance at all experimental sessions, laboratory seminars and delivery of practical notebooks is mandatory.

Group changes will only be made for justified reasons. To access the final grade for the course, which together constitute 25% of the overall grade, it will be necessary to pass the activities related to the laboratory practices globally.

The professor will assess the theoretical knowledge, the experimental procedures used, the aptitude and attitude of the student in the sessions and the progress observed in the student. The laboratory notebook prepared by each student during the practical period (presentation of results, interpretation, synthesis capacity) will be also evaluated. All these aspects will account for 15% of the final grade.

In each semester, once all the laboratory sessions have been completed, a single exam will be carried out for all groups of students (ordinary call). To access the final grade of the laboratory, it will be necessary to achieve a minimum score of 4.0 (average of the two exams).

For students who have not passed the laboratory there will be an extraordinary call in July.

This activity will reinforce the knowledge acquired by the student, both in the theoretical classes and seminars, as well as in the rest of the activities of the course, which will result in the consolidation of all general, specific, and transversal competences.

General competences CG1-MF1, CG2-MF1, CG5- MF1, CG6-MF1, CG7-MF1, CG8-MF1, CG9-MF1, CG10-MF1, CG10-MF2, CG11- MF1, CG12- MF1, CG13-MF1 and the specific competences CE8-MFQI1 and CE10- MFQI1, and all the transversal ones will be assessed.



WORK TIME DISTRIBUTION AMONG ACTIVITY TYPES

THEMATIC UNIT	ACTIVITY	HOURS	GROUPS	START	END	
1.Introduction	Theory	3	1	1 st week	2 th week	
	Theory	11	1		7 th week	
1. Non-metallic elements	Seminar	4	1	1 st week		
	Tutorships	1	1			
	Theory	6	1			
2. Hydrogenated combinations of nonmetals	Seminar	3	1	8 th week	10 th week	
	Tutorships	1	1			
	Theory	9	1		14 th week	
3. Oxygenated combinations of nonmetals	Seminar	3	1	10 th week		
	Tutorships	1	1			
	Theory	8	1	15 th week		
4. Metallic elements	Seminar	3	1		18 th week	
	Tutorships	1	1			
	Theory	11	1			
5. Coordination Compounds. Basics	Seminar	5	1	19 th week	24 th week	
	Tutorships	1	1			
	Theory	9	1			
7. Compounds with fundamentally ionic bond	Seminar	3	1	25 th week	28 th week	
	Tutorships	1	1			
	5 Lab sessions	20	4	5 days of the first semester		
Laboratory practices	5 Lab sessions	20	4	5 days of the second semester		



SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES

Teaching activity	Associated competences	Lecturer activity	Student activity	Assessment procedure	Р	NP	Total	С
Theory classes	CG1-MF1, CG2-MF1, CG3-MF1, CG5-MF1, CG6-MF1, CG7-MF1, CG8-MF1, CE8-MFQI1, CT3-MF1, CT5-MF1, CT6-MF1, CT7-MF1, CT12-MF1, CT12-MF2	 Exhibition of theoretical concepts. Raising questions and new proposals. 	 Taking notes. Resolution of questions. Development of new proposals. Formulation of questions and doubts. 	• Qualification of the answers made to questions related to theoretical concepts.	56	54	110	
Seminars	CG1-MF1, CG2-MF1, CG5-MF1, CG6-MF1, CG7-MF1, CG8-MF1, CE8-MFQ11, CT1-MF1, CT2-MF1, CT3-MF1, CT5-MF1 CT6-MF1, CT7-MF1 CT11-MF1,CT12-MF1 CT12-MF2	 Application of theory to solving exercises and problems and developing experimental methods. Raising of mew questions. 	 Taking notes. Resolution of exercises and questions. Formulation of questions and doubts. 	• Qualification of the answers (approach and result) made to solve practical exercises and numerical problems.	22	48	70	15 %
Tutorials	CG1-MF1, CG2-MF1, CG5-MF1, CG6-MF1, CG7-MF1, CG8-MF1, CE8-MFQ11, CT1-MF1, CT2-MF1, CT3-MF1, CT5-MF1 CT6-MF1, CT7-MF1 CT11-MF1,CT12-MF1 CT12-MF2	 Direction and supervision of the student's study and activities. Raising questions. 	 Consult the teacher about the difficulties encountered in the study and preparation of the subject. Resolution of the questions raised. Cooperation with colleagues and critical analysis of work 	• Assessment of the work and the analyzes carried out.	6	14	20	
Exams (theory)	CG1-MF1, CG2-MF1 CG5-MF1, CG6-MF1 CG7-MF1, CG8-MF1 CE8-MFQ11	 Proposal, monitoring and correction of the exam. Student's rating. 	• • Preparation and performance of exams.	• • Correction and assessment of exams.	4	15	19	60 %

Guía Docente:

Química Inorgánica I



Teaching activity	Associated competences	Lecturer activity	Student activity	Assessment procedure	Р	NP	Total	С
	CT3-MF1, CT5-MF1, CT6-MF1							
• Laboratories	All general, specific and transversal competences.	 Explanation and supervision of the experimental procedure. Teaching of the interpretation and discussion of the experiences carried out. 	 Carrying out and analyzing the experiments. Preparation of the laboratory notebook. 	 Continuous evaluation of the attitude and aptitude of the student in the laboratory. Assessment of memory. 	40	33	73	15 %
Exams (laboratory)	CG1-MF1, CG2-MF1, CG5-MF1, CG6-MF1, CG7-MF1, CG8-MF1, CG9-MF1, CG10-MF2, CG12-MF1 CE8-MFQI1 CT3-MF1, CT5-MF1 CT6-MF1	 Proposal, monitoring and correction of the exam. Student's rating. 	• • Preparation and performance of exams.	• Correction and assessment of exams.	2	6	10	10 %
		P: face-to-face; NP: not	n-contact (autonomous work)	; C: qualification				